

MICHIGAN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

P.O. Box 30014 Lansing, Michigan 48909-7514

MINUTES OF THE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

Tuesday, March 10, 2015

12:00 p.m.

Room 521 House Office Building

The House Standing Committee on Judiciary was called to order by Chairman Kesto.

Members present: Reps. Kesto, Lucido, Heise, Johnson, Howrylak, Cole, Runestad, Irwin,

Robinson, Chang, Guerra.

Members absent/excused: None.

Representative Cole moved to adopt the minutes of March 3, 2015. There being no objection, the motion prevailed by unanimous consent.

Chairman Kesto laid before the committee HB 4038:

HB 4038 (Forlini)

Housing; landlord and tenants; notification of evictions; allow by

electronic mail.

Ben Bodkin, representing Michigan Poverty Law Program, submitted a card with a neutral position on HB 4038 but did not wish to speak.

Representative Lucido moved to adopt substitute (H-2) to HB 4038. The motion prevailed 11-0-0.

FAVORABLE ROLL CALL

Yeas: Reps. Kesto, Lucido, Heise, Johnson, Howrylak, Cole, Runestad, Irwin, Robinson, Chang, Guerra.

Nays: None. Pass: None.

Representative Lucido moved to report out HB 4038 with recommendation, as substitute (H-2). The motion prevailed 7-0-4.

FAVORABLE ROLL CALL

Yeas: Reps. Kesto, Lucido, Heise, Johnson, Cole, Runestad, Robinson.

Nays: None.

Pass: Reps. Howrylak, Irwin, Chang, Guerra.

Chairman Kesto laid before the committee SB 53:

Representative Irwin offered the following amendments to SB 53:

1. Amend page 4, following line 23, by inserting:

"Sec. 2. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this act, a person shall not purchase, carry, possess, or transport a pistol-FIREARM in this state without first having obtained a license for the pistol-FIREARM as prescribed in this section.

(2) A person who brings a pistol-FIREARM into this state who is on leave from active duty with the armed forces of the United States or who has been discharged from active duty with the armed forces of the United States shall obtain a license for the pistol-FIREARM within

30 days after his or her arrival in this state.

- (3) The commissioner or chief of police of a city, township, or village police department that issues licenses to purchase, carry, possess, or transport pistols, FIREARMS, or his or her duly authorized deputy, or the sheriff or his or her duly authorized deputy, in the parts of a county not included within a city, township, or village having an organized police department, in discharging the duty to issue licenses shall with due speed and diligence issue licenses to purchase, carry, possess, or transport pistols FIREARMS to qualified applicants unless he or she has probable cause to believe that the applicant would be a threat to himself or herself or to other individuals, or would commit an offense with the pistol-FIREARM that would violate a law of this or another state or of the United States. An applicant is qualified if all of the following circumstances exist:
- (a) The person is not subject to an order or disposition for which he or she has received notice and an opportunity for a hearing, and which was entered into the law enforcement

- information network under any of the following:

 (i) Section 464a of the mental health code, 1974 PA 258, MCL 330.1464a.

 (ii) Section 5107 of the estates and protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.5107, or section 444a of former 1978 PA 642.

 (iii) Section 2950 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.2950.

 (iv) Section 2950a of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.2950a.

(v) Section 14 of 1846 RS 84, MČL 552.14.

(vi) Section 6b of chapter V of the code of criminal procedure, 1927 PA 175, MCL 765.6b, if the order has a condition imposed under section 6b(3) of chapter V of the code of criminal procedure, 1927 PA 175, MCL 765.6b.

(vii) Section 16b of chapter IX of the code of criminal procedure, 1927 PA 175, MCL

769.16b.

(b) The person is 18 years of age or older or, if the **FIREARM IS A PISTOL AND** THE seller is licensed under 18 USC 923, is 21 years of age or older.

(c) The person is a citizen of the United States or an alien lawfully admitted into the

United States and is a legal resident of this state. For the purposes of this section, a person shall be IS considered a legal resident of this state if any of the following apply:

(i) The person has a valid, lawfully obtained Michigan driver license issued under the

Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.1 to 257.923, or an official state personal identification card issued under 1972 PA 222, MCL 28.291 to 28.300.

(ii) The person is lawfully registered to vote in this state.

(iii) The person is on active duty status with the United States armed forces and is stationed outside of this state, but the person's home of record is in this state.

(iv) The person is on active duty status with the United States armed forces and is permanently stationed in this state, but the person's home of record is in another state.

(d) A felony charge or a criminal charge listed in section 5b against the person is not

pending at the time of application.

- (e) The person is not prohibited from possessing, using, transporting, selling, purchasing, carrying, shipping, receiving, or distributing a firearm under section 224f of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.224f.
- (f) The person has not been adjudged insane in this state or elsewhere unless he or she has been adjudged restored to sanity by court order.

(g) The person is not under an order of involuntary commitment in an inpatient or

outpatient setting due to mental illness.

(h) The person has not been adjudged legally incapacitated in this state or elsewhere. This subdivision does not apply to a person who has had his or her legal capacity restored by order of the court.

(4) Applications for licenses under this section shall be signed by the applicant under oath upon forms provided by the director of the department of state police. Licenses to purchase, carry, possess, or transport pistols FIREARMS shall be executed in triplicate upon forms provided by the director of the department of state police and shall be signed by the licensing authority. Three copies of the license shall be delivered to the applicant by the licensing

authority. A license is void unless used within 30 days after the date it is issued.

(5) If an individual purchases or otherwise acquires a pistol, FIREARM, the seller shall fill out the license forms describing the pistol, FIREARM, together with the date of sale or acquisition, and sign his or her name in ink indicating that the pistol-FIREARM was sold to or otherwise acquired by the purchaser. The purchaser shall also sign his or her name in ink indicating the purchase or other acquisition of the pistol-FIREARM from the seller. The seller may retain a copy of the license as a record of the transaction. The purchaser shall receive 2 copies of the license. The IF THE FIREARM IS A PISTOL, THE purchaser shall return 1 copy of the license to the licensing authority within 10 days after the date the pistol is purchased or acquired. The return of the copy to the licensing authority may be made in person or may be made by first-class mail or certified mail sent within the 10-day period to the proper address of the licensing authority. A purchaser who fails to comply with the requirements of this subsection is responsible for a state civil infraction and may be fined not more than \$250.00. If a purchaser is found responsible for a state civil infraction under this subsection, the court shall notify the department of state police of that determination.

(6) Within 10 days after receiving the license copy **FOR A PISTOL** returned under subsection (5), the licensing authority shall electronically enter the information into the pistol entry database as required by the department of state police if it has the ability to electronically enter that information. If the licensing authority does not have that ability, the licensing authority shall provide that information to the department of state police in a manner otherwise required by the department of state police. Any licensing authority that provided pistol descriptions to the department of state police under former section 9 of this act shall continue to provide pistol descriptions to the department of state police under this subsection. Within 48 hours after entering or otherwise providing the information on the license copy returned under subsection (5) to the department of state police, the licensing authority shall forward the copy of the license to the department of state police. The purchaser has the right to obtain a copy of the information placed in the pistol entry database under this subsection to verify the accuracy of that information. The licensing authority may charge a fee not to exceed \$1.00 for the cost of providing the copy. The licensee may carry, use, possess, and transport the pistol for 30 days beginning on the date of purchase or acquisition only while he or she is in possession of his or her copy of the license. However, the person is not required to have the license in his or her possession while carrying, using, possessing, or transporting the pistol after this period.

possession while carrying, using, possessing, or transporting the pistol after this period.

(7) This section does not apply to the purchase of pistols FIREARMS from wholesalers by dealers regularly engaged in the business of selling pistols FIREARMS at retail, or to the sale, barter, or exchange of pistols FIREARMS kept as relics or curios not made for modern ammunition or permanently deactivated. This section does not prevent the transfer of ownership of pistols FIREARMS that are inherited if the license to purchase is approved by the commissioner or chief of police, sheriff, or their authorized deputies, and signed by the personal representative of the estate or by the next of kin having authority to dispose of the

pistol.FIREARM.

(8) An individual who is not a resident of this state is not required to obtain a license under this section if all of the following conditions apply:

(a) The individual is licensed in his or her state of residence to purchase, carry, or transport a pistol. FIREARM.

(b) The individual is in possession of the license described in subdivision (a).

(c) The individual is the owner of the pistol-FIREARM he or she possesses, carries, or transports.

(d) The individual possesses the pistol-FIREARM for a lawful purpose, as that term is defined in section 231a of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.231a.

(e) The individual is in this state for a period of 180 days or less and does not intend to

establish residency in this state.

- (9) An individual who is a nonresident of this state shall present the license described in subsection (8)(a) upon the demand of a police officer. An individual who violates this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 90 days or a fine of not more than \$100.00, or both.
- (10) The licensing authority may require a person claiming active duty status with the United States armed forces to provide proof of 1 or both of the following:

(a) The person's home of record.

(b) Permanent active duty assignment in this state.

- (11) This section does not apply to a person who is younger than the age required under subsection (3)(b) and who possesses a pistol FIREARM if all 1 of the following conditions apply: APPLIES:
- (a) The person is not otherwise prohibited from possessing that pistol.FIREARM AND ALL OF THE FOLLOWING APPLY:

- (i) (b) The person is at a recognized target range. (ii) (e) The person possesses the pistol-FIREARM for the purpose of target practice or instruction in the safe use of a pistol.FIREARM.
- (iii) (d) The person is in the physical presence and under the direct supervision of any of the following:

(A) $\frac{(i)}{(i)}$ The person's parent. **(B)** (ii) The person's guardian.

(C) (iii) An individual who is 21 years of age or older, who is authorized by the person's parent or guardian, and who has successfully completed a pistol safety training course or class that meets the requirements of section 5j(1)(a), (b), or (d), and received a certificate of completion.

- (iv) (e) The owner of the pistol-FIREARM is physically present.
 (B) THE PERSON IS NOT OTHERWISE PROHIBITED FROM POSSESSING THAT FIREARM AND THE PERSON POSSESSES THE FIREARM FOR THE PURPOSE OF HUNTING.
- (12) This section does not apply to a person who possesses a pistol-FIREARM if all of the following conditions apply:

(a) The person is not otherwise prohibited from possessing a pistol.FIREARM.

(b) The person is at a recognized target range or shooting facility.

- (c) The person possesses the pistol-FIREARM for the purpose of target practice or instruction in the safe use of a pistol. FIREARM.
- (d) The owner of the pistol-FIREARM is physically present and supervising the use of the pistol.FIREARM.
- (13) A person who forges any matter on an application for a license under this section is guilty of a felony, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 4 years or a fine of not more than \$2,000.00, or both.
- (14) A licensing authority shall implement this section during all of the licensing authority's normal business hours and shall set hours for implementation that allow an applicant to use the license within the time period set forth in subsection (4).

 Sec. 2a. (1) The following individuals are not required to obtain a license under section 2
- to purchase, carry, possess, use, or transport a pistol:FIREARM:

(a) An individual licensed under section 5b.

(b) A federally licensed firearms dealer.

- (c) An individual who purchases a pistol-FIREARM from a federally licensed firearms dealer in compliance with 18 USC 922(t).
 (D) AN INDIVIDUAL PURCHASING A FIREARM OTHER THAN A PISTOL
- WHO HAS A FEDERAL NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK PERFORMED ON HIM OR HER BY A FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER NOT MORE THAN 30 DAYS BEFORE THE PURCHASE.
- (2) If an individual described in subsection (1) purchases or otherwise acquires a pistol, **FIREARM**, the seller shall complete a record in triplicate on a form provided by the department

of state police. The record shall include the purchaser's concealed weapon license number or, if the purchaser is a federally licensed firearms dealer, his or her dealer license number. If the purchaser is not licensed under section 5b and is not a federally licensed firearms dealer, the record shall include the dealer license number of the federally licensed firearms dealer who is selling the pistol. FIREARM OR THE DEALER LICENSE NUMBER OF THE FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER THAT PERFORMED THE FEDERAL NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK. The purchaser shall sign the record. The seller may retain 1 copy of the record. The purchaser shall receive 2 copies of the record and, IF THE FIREARM IS A PISTOL, forward 1 copy to the police department of the city, village, or township in which the purchaser resides, or, if the purchaser does not reside in a city, village, or township having a police department, to the county sheriff, within 10 days following the purchase or acquisition. The return of the copy to the police department or county sheriff may be made in person or may be made by first-class mail or certified mail sent within the 10-day period to the proper address of the police department or county sheriff. A purchaser who fails to comply with the requirements of this subsection is responsible for a state civil infraction and may be fined not more than \$250.00. If a purchaser is found responsible for a state civil infraction under this subsection, the court shall notify the department of state police. If the purchaser is licensed under section 5b, the court shall notify the licensing authority of that determination.

(3) Within 10 days after receiving the record copy **FOR A PISTOL** returned under subsection (2), the police department or county sheriff shall electronically enter the information into the pistol entry database as required by the department of state police if it has the ability to electronically enter that information. If the police department or county sheriff does not have that ability, the police department or county sheriff shall provide that information to the department of state police in a manner otherwise required by the department of state police. Any police department or county sheriff that provided pistol descriptions to the department of state police under former section 9 of this act shall continue to provide pistol descriptions to the department of state police under this subsection. Within 48 hours after entering or otherwise providing the information on the record copy returned under subsection (2) to the department of state police, the police department or county sheriff shall forward the copy of the record to the department of state police. The purchaser has the right to obtain a copy of the information placed in the pistol entry database under this subsection to verify the accuracy of that information. The police department or county sheriff may charge a fee not to exceed \$1.00 for the cost of providing the copy. The purchaser may carry, use, possess, and transport the pistol for 30 days beginning on the date of purchase or acquisition only while he or she is in possession of his or her copy of the record. However, the person is not required to have the record in his or her possession while carrying, using, possessing, or transporting the pistol after this period.

(4) This section does not apply to a person or entity exempt under section 2(7).

- (5) An individual who makes a material false statement on a sales record under this section is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 4 years or a fine of not more than \$2,500.00, or both.
 - (6) The department of state police may promulgate rules to implement this section.

(7) As used in this section:

- (a) Before December 18, 2012, "federally licensed firearms dealer" means an individual who holds a type 01 dealer license under 18 USC 923.
- (b) Beginning December 18, 2012, "federally licensed firearms dealer" means a person licensed to sell firearms under 18 USC 923.
- (c) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal entity.
- Sec. 2b. (1) Except as provided in subsection (5), upon entry of an order or disposition into the law enforcement information network under any provision of law described in section 2(3)(a), the department of state police shall immediately send written notice of that entry to the person who is the subject of the order or disposition. The notice shall be sent by first-class mail to the last known address of the person. The notice shall include at least all of the following:

(a) The name of the person.

(b) The date the order or disposition was entered into the law enforcement information network.

- (c) A statement that the person cannot obtain a license to purchase a pistol-FIREARM or obtain a concealed weapon license until the order or disposition is removed from the law enforcement information network.
- (d) A statement that the person may request that the state police correct or expunge inaccurate information entered into the law enforcement information network.
- (2) A person who is the subject of an order entered into the law enforcement information network under any provision of law described in section 2(3)(a) may request that the department of state police do either of the following:

(a) Amend an inaccuracy in the information entered into the law enforcement information

network under any provision of law described in section 2(3)(a).

- (b) Expunge the person's name and other information concerning the person from the law enforcement information network regarding 1 or more specific entries in the law enforcement information network under any provision of law described in section 2(3)(a) because 1 or more of the following circumstances exist:
- (i) The person is not subject to an order of involuntary commitment in an inpatient or outpatient setting due to mental illness.
- (ii) The person is not subject to an order or disposition determining that the person is legally incapacitated.

(iii) The person is not subject to a personal protection order issued under any of the

following:
(A) Section 2950 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.2950.

(B) Section 2950a of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.2950a.

(C) Section 14 of 1846 RS 84, MCL 552.14.

- (iv) The person is not subject to an order for release subject to protective conditions that prohibits the purchase or possession of a firearm by the person issued under section 6b of chapter V of the code of criminal procedure, 1927 PA 175, MCL 765.6b.
- (3) Before the expiration of 30 days after a request is made to amend an inaccuracy in the law enforcement information network under subsection (2)(a) or to expunge 1 or more specific entries from the law enforcement information network under subsection (2)(b)(i) to (iv), the department of state police shall conduct an investigation concerning the accuracy of the information contained in the law enforcement information network, either grant or deny the request and provide the person with written notice of that grant or denial. A notice of denial shall include a statement specifying the basis of the denial, and that a person may appeal the denial pursuant to the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328.
- (4) If the department of state police refuses a request by a person for amendment or expunction under subsection (2), or fails to act within 30 days after receiving the request under subsection (2), the person may request a hearing before a hearing officer appointed by the department of state police for a determination of whether information entered into the law enforcement information network should be amended or expunged because it is inaccurate or false. The department of state police shall conduct the hearing pursuant to the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328.

 (5) The department of state police shall not send written notice of an entry of an order or
- disposition into the law enforcement information network as required for a personal protection order issued under section 2950 or 2950a of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.2950 and 600.2950a, until that department has received notice that the respondent of the order has been served with or has received notice of the personal protection order.".
 - Amend page 8, following line 20, by inserting:

"Sec. 12. (1) Section 2 does not apply to any of the following:

(a) A police or correctional agency of the United States or of this state or any subdivision of this state.

(b) The United States army, air force, navy, or marine corps.

- (c) An organization authorized by law to purchase or receive weapons from the United States or from this state.
- (d) The national guard, armed forces reserves, or other duly authorized military organization.
- (e) A member of an entity or organization described in subdivisions (a) through (d) for a pistol FIREARM while engaged in the course of his or her duties with that entity or while going to or returning from those duties.

(f) A United States citizen holding a license to carry a pistol concealed upon his or her

person issued by another state.

(g) The regular and ordinary possession and transportation of a pistol-FIREARM as merchandise by an authorized agent of a person licensed to manufacture firearms or a licensed dealer.

(h) Purchasing, owning, carrying, possessing, using, or transporting an antique firearm. As used in this subdivision, "antique firearm" means that term as defined in section 231a of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.231a.

(i) An individual carrying, possessing, using, or transporting a pistol belonging to another individual, if the other individual's possession of the pistol is authorized by law and the individual carrying, possessing, using, or transporting the pistol has obtained a license under section 5b to carry a concealed pistol or is exempt from licensure as provided in section 12a.

(2) The amendatory act that added subsection (1)(h) shall be known and may be cited as

the "Janet Kukuk act".

Sec. 14a. (1) A law enforcement agency that seizes or otherwise comes into possession of a firearm or a part of a firearm subject to disposal under section 14 may, instead of forwarding the firearm or part of a firearm to the director of the department of state police or his or her designated representative for disposal under that section, retain that firearm or part of a firearm for the following purposes:

(a) For legal sale or trade to a federally licensed firearm dealer. The proceeds from any sale or trade under this subdivision shall be used by the law enforcement agency only for law enforcement purposes. The law enforcement agency shall not sell or trade a firearm or part of a firearm under this subdivision to any individual who is a member of that law enforcement agency unless the individual is a federally licensed firearms dealer and the sale is made pursuant

to a public auction.

(b) For official use by members of the seizing law enforcement agency who are employed as peace officers. A firearm or part of a firearm shall not be sold under this subdivision.

(2) A law enforcement agency that sells or trades any pistol-FIREARM to a licensed dealer under subsection (1)(a) or retains any pistol-FIREARM under subsection (1)(b) shall complete a record of the transaction under sellion 2 or section 2a, as applicable.

(3) A law enforcement agency that sells or trades a firearm or part of a firearm under this section shall retain a receipt of the sale or trade for a period of not less than 7 years. The law enforcement agency shall make all receipts retained under this subsection available for inspection by the department of state police upon demand and for auditing purposes by the state and the local unit of government of which the agency is a part.

(4) Before disposing of a firearm under this section, the law enforcement agency shall do

both of the following:

- (a) Determine through the law enforcement information network whether the firearm has been reported lost or stolen. If the firearm has been reported lost or stolen and the name and address of the owner can be determined, the law enforcement agency shall provide 30 days' written notice of its intent to dispose of the firearm under this section to the owner, and allow the owner to claim the firearm within that 30-day period if he or she is authorized to possess the firearm. If the police agency determines that a serial number has been altered or has been removed or obliterated from the firearm, the police agency shall submit the firearm to the department of state police or a forensic laboratory for serial number verification or restoration to determine legal ownership.
- (b) Provide 30 days' notice to the public on a website maintained by the law enforcement agency of its intent to dispose of the firearm under this section. The notice shall include a description of the firearm and shall state the firearm's serial number, if the serial number can be determined. The law enforcement agency shall allow the owner of the firearm to claim the firearm within that 30-day period if he or she is authorized to possess the firearm. The 30-day period required under this subdivision is in addition to the 30-day period required under subdivision (a).
- (5) The law enforcement agency is immune from civil liability for disposing of a firearm in compliance with this section.
- (6) As used in this section, "law enforcement agency" means any agency that employs peace officers.".

Representative Irwin moved to adopt the amendments to the bill. The motion did not prevail 4-7-0.

UNFAVORABLE ROLL CALL

Yeas: Reps. Irwin, Robinson, Chang, Guerra.

Nays: Reps. Kesto, Lucido, Heise, Johnson, Howrylak, Cole, Runestad.

Pass: None.

Representative Heise moved to adopt substitute (H-1) to SB 53. The motion prevailed 7-3-1.

FAVORABLE ROLL CALL

Yeas: Reps. Kesto, Lucido, Heise, Johnson, Howrylak, Cole, Runestad.

Nays: Reps. Irwin, Robinson, Chang.

Pass: Rep. Guerra.

Representative Heise moved to report out SB 53 with recommendation, as substitute (H-1). The motion prevailed 7-4-0.

FAVORABLE ROLL CALL

Yeas: Reps. Kesto, Lucido, Heise, Johnson, Howrylak, Cole, Runestad.

Nays: Reps. Irwin, Robinson, Chang, Guerra.

Pass: None.

Chairman Kesto laid before the committee HB 4244:

HB 4244 (Pettalia) Torts; premises liability; liability for recreational user; include aviation activities.

Representative Pettalia testified in support of the bill. Questions and discussion followed.

Todd Tennis, representing the Negligence Law Council, submitted a card in opposition to HB 4244, but did not wish to speak.

Bill Flory, representing the Michigan Association for Justice, testified in opposition to HB 4244.

George Carr, representing King Trout Airport, testified in opposition to HB 4244.

Chairman Kesto laid before the committee HB 4295:

HB 4295 (Dianda) Criminal procedure; sentencing guidelines; update.

Representative Dianda testified in support of the bill. Questions and discussion followed.

Chairman Kesto laid before the committee SB 12:

SB 12 (Jones) Retirement; state employees; retired state employees to contract

with department of attorney general in litigation matters involving this state; allow under certain circumstances without losing retirement allowance.

Representative Runestad offered the following amendment to SB 12:

1. Amend page 4, line 23, after "STATE." by inserting "THE CONTRACT MUST PROVIDE THAT THE RETIRANT'S SERVICE AS A WITNESS, EXPERT, OR CONSULTANT ENDS AT THE CONCLUSION OF THE LITIGATION.".

Representative Runestad moved to adopt the amendment to the bill. The motion prevailed 11-0-0.

FAVORABLE ROLL CALL

Yeas: Reps. Kesto, Lucido, Heise, Johnson, Howrylak, Cole, Runestad, Irwin, Robinson, Chang, Guerra.

Nays: None. Pass: None.

Representative Runestad moved to report out SB 12 with recommendation, as substitute (H-1). The motion prevailed 9-1-1.

FAVORABLE ROLL CALL

Yeas: Reps. Kesto, Lucido, Heise, Johnson, Cole, Runestad, Irwin, Chang, Guerra.

Nays: Rep. Robinson. Pass: Rep. Howrylak.

There being no further business before the committee, Chairman Kesto moved to adjourn the meeting, the time being 12:34 p.m. There being no objection, the motion prevailed by unanimous consent.

Representative Klint Ko	to, Chair

Melissa Weipert, Committee Clerk House Judiciary Committee mweipert@house.mi.gov (517) 373-5176